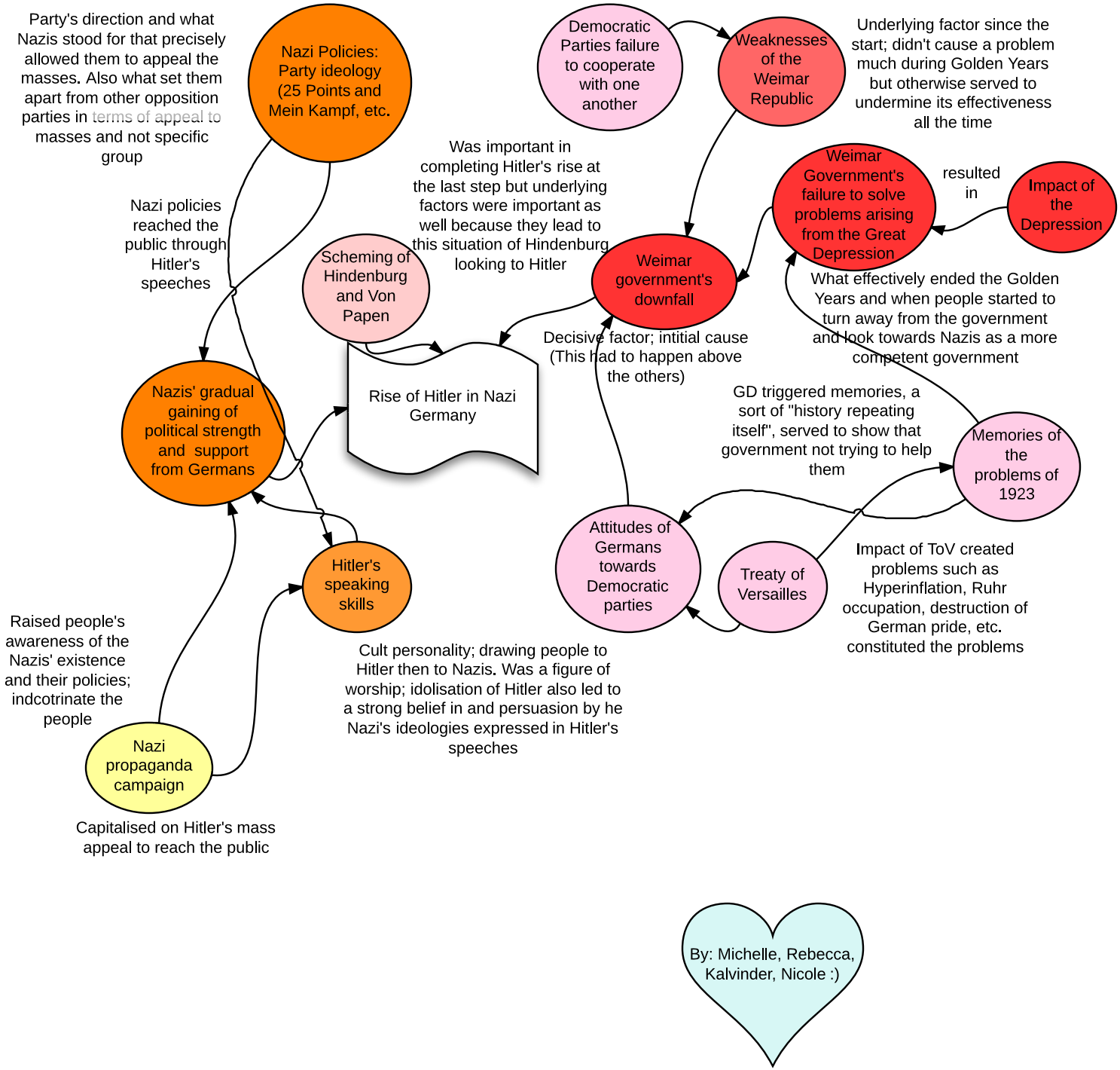
Party's direction and what Nazis stood for that precisely allowed them to appeal the masses. Also what set them apart from other opposition parties in terms of appeal to masses and not specific group
Nazi Policies: Party ideology (25 Points and Mein Kampf, etc.
Democratic Parties failure to cooperate with one another
Weaknesses of the Weimar Republic
Underlying factor since the start; didn't cause a problem much during Golden Years but otherwise served to undermine its effectiveness all the time
Was important in completing Hitler's rise at the last step but underlying factors were important as well because they lead to this situation of Hindenburg looking to Hitler
Weimar Government's failure to solve problems arising from the Great Depression
resulted in
Impact of the Depression
Nazi policies reached the public through Hitler's speeches
Scheming of Hindenburg and Von Papen
Weimar government's downfall
What effectively ended the Golden Years and when people started to turn away from the government and look towards Nazis as a more competent government
Decisive factor; intitial cause (This had to happen above the others)
Nazis' gradual gaining of political strength and support from Germans
Rise of Hitler in Nazi Germany
GD triggered memories, a sort of "history repeating itself", served to show that government not trying to help them
Memories of the problems of 1923
Attitudes of Germans towards Democratic parties
Treaty of Versailles
Impact of ToV created problems such as Hyperinflation, Ruhr occupation, destruction of German pride, etc. constituted the problems
Hitler's speaking skills
Raised people's awareness of the Nazis' existence and their policies; indcotrinate the people
Cult personality; drawing people to Hitler then to Nazis. Was a figure of worship; idolisation of Hitler also led to a strong belief in and persuasion by he Nazi's ideologies expressed in Hitler's speeches
Nazi propaganda campaign
Capitalised on Hitler's mass appeal to reach the public
By: Michelle, Rebecca, Kalvinder, Nicole :)